	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
	Ancient Greece: A study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the Western World	<b>Anglo Saxons:</b> Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots.	Ancient Egypt: depth study into as early civilization, including their achievements.	World War 2: Battle of Britain Changes in an aspect of social history: Crime and
Content	Change in Britain from the Stone Age: Neolithic hunter-	<b>Romans:</b> Their impact on Britain.	<b>Vikings:</b> The Viking struggle for the kingdom of England.	Punishment
	gathers, early farmers, focused study of Skara Brae.	Mayans: Non-European society that provides contrast	<b>Themes in British History:</b> Look at what the monarchy is and	A non-European Study: Benin (West Africa)
	<b>Bronze Age to Iron Age:</b> Technology, religion and travel, with a focus study of Stonehenge. Iron Age: Hill forts and tribal Kingdoms.	with British History	how the power of the monarchy has changed over history.	
Chronology	* Describe events from the past using dates when things happened.	* Describe events from the past using dates when things happened.	* Place periods of history on a timeline showing periods of time.	* Say where a period of history fits on a timeline.
	* Describe events using the words: BC (Before Christ)	* Describe events using the words: ancient and century.	*Use mathematical skills to work exact time scales and differences as need be.	*Place a specific event on a timeline by decade.
	<ul> <li>and AD (Anno Domini).</li> <li>* Use a timeline within a specific time in history to set out the order events may</li> </ul>	* Use a timeline within a specific time in history to set out the order events may have happened.	* Use dates and historical language in my work. *Begin to build up a picture of	*Place features of historical events and people from past societies and periods in a chronological framework.
	have happened.	*Use mathematical knowledge to work out how	what main events happened in Britain/the World during different centuries.	* Identify and compare changes within and across different periods e.g.
	knowledge to work out how long ago events in recent and local history would have happened.	long ago events in recent and local history would have happened. Use mathematical skills to round up time differences into centuries and decades.	<ul> <li>*Plot recent history on a timeline using centuries.</li> <li>* Describe the main changes in a period in history.</li> </ul>	understand how some historical events occurred concurrently in different locations i.e. Ancient Egypt and Prehistoric Britain. *Appreciate that some ancient civilizations showed greater
		*Begin to recognise the different time periods that exist between different groups that invaded Britain.		advancements than people who lives centuries after them.

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	* With support use documents, printed sources	*Begin to independently use documents, printed sources	• Confidently use documents, printed sources (e.g. archive	*Use documents, printed sources (e.g. archive materials)
	(e.g. archive materials) the	(e.g. archive materials) the	materials) the Internet,	the Internet, databases,
<b>&gt;</b>	Internet, databases,	Internet, databases, pictures,	databases, pictures,	pictures, photographs, music,
.=	pictures, photographs,	photographs, music,	photographs, music, artefacts,	artefacts, historic buildings,
<b>&gt;</b>	music, artefacts, historic	artefacts, historic buildings,	historic buildings, visits to	visits to museums and galleries
σ	buildings, visits to museums	visits to museums or galleries	museums and galleries and visits	and visits to sites to collect
Enquiry	and galleries and visits to	and visits to sites to collect	to sites to collect evidence	evidence about the past.
	sites as evidence about the past. Identify the difference	evidence about the past.	about the past.	*Evaluate the usefulness and
-	between fact and opinion.	*Understand the difference	*Question reliability of source	accuracy of different sources
0	between laer and opinion.	between primary and	material and give reasons why	of information, understanding
.0	*Ask questions and find	secondary sources.	something is or is not reliable.	the effect of propaganda,
	answers about the past.		Realise that there is often not a	bias, misinformation and
<u>0</u>		* Ask questions of the source	single answer to historical	opinion.
Historical	*Look at 2 different versions of the same event and	material and suggest sources of evidence from a selection	questions.	*Select the most appropriate
Ξ	viewpoints and identify	provided to help find answers	*Investigate own lines of enquiry	source material, using primary
—	differences in the accounts.	to these historical questions.	by posing questions to answer.	and secondary to answer
		*With guidance, give reasons		questions, realising that there is
		why there may be different		often not a single answer to
		accounts of history looking at		historical questions.
		propaganda.		*Investigate own lines of
				enquiry by posing questions to
				answer.
				*Form own opinions about
				historical events from a range
	* Explore the idea that there	* Look at different versions of	*Understand that some evidence	of sources. * Evaluate evidence to choose
E C	are different accounts of	the same event in history and	from the past is propaganda,	the most reliable forms.
_ 0	history.	identify differences.	opinion or misinformation, and	
ΞΞ	-		that this affects interpretations of	*Know that people both in the
		* Know that people in the	history.	past have a point of view and
e e		past represent events or ideas		that this can affect
Historical Interpretation		in a way that persuades others.	*Give reasons why there may be different accounts of history.	interpretation.
sit re		011613.		*Give clear reasons why there
			*Evaluate evidence to choose	may be different accounts of
<u> </u>			the most reliable forms.	history, linking this to factual
				understanding of the past.